# Analysis of the influence of trust, risk perception On online purchase decisions (study on shopee consumers in Durikulon village)

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**Submission date:** 26-Mar-2024 06:10PM (UTC+0700)

**Submission ID:** 2331672029

File name: 2203-Article\_Text-5693-1-10-20240117.pdf (528.61K)

Word count: 2649

Character count: 14295



Volume 13, Number 01, 2024, DOI 10.58471/ scientia.v13i01 SN 2723-7486 (Online)

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# Analysis of the influence of trust, risk perception On online purchase decisions (study on shopee consumers in Durikulon village)

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Article Info	ABSTRACT
Keywords:	Along with the development of e-commerce in Indonesia, customers
trust,	are increasingly favored by hopping online to fulfill their needs. This
risk perception,	study aims to understand the effect of trust, perceived risk on o 20 e
purchase decision	purchasing decisions on shopee consumers in Durikulon village. This
	type of research is quantitative with random sampling technique. Data
	collection was obtained from 80 respondents with a questionnaire
	consisting of questons with a Likert scale. The data analysis method
	used to determine the effect of trust (X1) and risk perception (X2) on
	purchasing decisions is multiple linear regression and coefficient of
	determination, while to find out there is whether or not the 13 fluence is
	partially or individually significant, namely the <mark>t</mark> test and
	simultaneously together, namely the F test. The results of multiple
	linear regression obtained are $Y = 0.898 + 0.667X1 + 0.316X2$ , the
	most dominant variable is Trust (X1) with a beta of 0.898. The results
	of the calculation of the partial confidence t test (X1) obtained a tcount
	value of 6,000 > ttable 1,991. So Ho rejected Ha accepted. Risk
	perception variable (X2) obtained tount value of 5.189 > ttable 1.91.
	So Ho rejected Ha accepted. F test resuge can be obtained Fcount
	60,044 > Ftable 3,12 which indicates that Ho is rejected Ha is
	accepted. Based on the research above, it can be
	concluded that overall the independent variables have a significant
	value in a positive direction. The trust variable has the most dominant
	value compared to the risk perception variable. The trust and risk
	perception variables also have a significant influence either partially or
	simultaneously on the dependent variable. namely the purchase decision.
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#### INTRODUCTION

In the era of digitalization of health services, a system is needed that provides comfort for both the public and health service providers. This is really needed in one type of service, namely referrals for health problems, so that they are right on target, on time and effective. Implementation of this integrated Referral System Application not only affects the continuity of health services from primary to advanced level but the monitoring and



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evaluation system of these services becomes the data needed in planning future health development.

Technology that is increasingly advanced and developing rapidly has a big impact on everyone aspects of human life, one of which is the internet which is widely used by society today. The emergence of the internet has made it very easy for users to communicate and gather information about everything, especially in business and marketing activities.

Technological developments that are increasingly sophisticated and easy to influence life in a more modern society. With the increasing number of users Today's internet can make it easier for business people to change behavior public purchases. Nowadays shopping using online shops has become commonplace Many people's favorite, because it makes it easier not to have to leave the house without think about distance, cost and time. when you want to buy goods and services without having to leaving the house without thinking about distance, cost and time constraints just uses a smart mobile phone (cell phone) with an internet connection Nowadays e-commerce, buying and selling has become very easy and profitable for people consumers to meet their daily needs such as Lazada, Bibli, Tokopedia, Elevania, MatahariMall, Shopee, Bukalapak, Zalora, etc.

The shopee application, part of e-commerce, is widely used by residents in Indonesia. Shopee is a marketplace that implements services onsumer-to-consumer (C2C) which allows people to buy and sell at mobile phone in a safe, fun, comfortable and profitable way. With social networks / electronic networks.

Kotler and Armstrong (2016: 177) explain that purchasing decisions are elements from customer attitudes, namely the study of the behavior of individuals, groups and organizations selecting, purchasing, using and how goods, services, ideas/experience in satisfying their needs and desires. When Making customer purchasing decisions cannot be separated from many factors including: trust, convenience, and perception of risk that arises in decisions purchase.

When making a purchasing decision there are many factors that should be taken into account Consumers' concern when shopping online is trust. Mulyadi, et.al, (2018) stated that Trust is all the knowledge that customers must have to online shopping sites. (After the customer consumes the product as well use it in a real way so as to increase consumer trust as well gives satisfaction. Once a customer is satisfied with a product the customer will not leave / change to another.

Apart from trust, risk perception is a determining factor for a person when transact on Shopee. Zulfa & Hidayati (2018) explained that risk perception is the ambiguity that customers encounter when they cannot predict the consequences of the day future because of the purchasing decisions made. In online purchases, schemes what appears does not happen exclusively so you can only observe the item through the picture and can't touch it. Risk perception is also a determinant Available in on line.

someone when making a purchasing decision. Higher risk perception makes individuals afraid when making online transactions, and vice versa. Various flavors worried about e-commerce transactions, for example: Fraud, not giving satisfaction, slow delivery and confusing ordering system.



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Problems related to law, such as suspicion of the item original / fake. Psychological problems give rise to a sense of doubt about the reality of the data information, because many parties have never met face to face.

Shopee is a marketplace platform that is widely used in the district Lamongan. Precisely located in Durikulon village. The Shopee application is widely visited by the people of Durikulon village who offer a variety of fashion products to daily necessities so as to fulfill needs and desires. makes it easier for consumers because in the Shopee application there are many features starting from The price listed in the application, color, stock, size Many consumers are interested in the application, there are free vouchers postage and there are lots of promotions every day to attract consumers.

#### **METHODS**

The research technique used is quantitative research, which this research explains the actual situation based on the facts of the subject or object as it is which aims to understand the impact of trust, risk perception on purchasing decisions on Shopee e-commerce.

This research uses the random sampling method or the sample used does not use special qualifications. In the study the sample size was 80 Respondents were calculated using the Slovin formula. The type of data used in this research is primary data using respondents' questionnaire answers to questions projected and secondary data as support using literature reviews on previous research. Then the technique for collecting data uses distribution questionnaires and documentation with data analysis techniques using validity tests,

#### **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

#### Validity test

**Table 1.** Trust Validity Test Results (X1) Correlations

Corre	lations

		X1.1	X1.2	X1.3 Tru	st
X1.1	Pearson Correlation	1	.594**	.567**	894**
	Sig. (2-tailed)		.000	,000	,000
	N	80	80	80	80
X1.2	Pearson Correlation	,594**	1	,344**	,820**
	Sig. (2-tailed)	,000		.002	,000
	N	80	80	80	80
X1.3	Pearson Correlation	,567**	.344**	1	,730**
	Sig. (2-tailed)	,000	.002		,000
	N	80	80	80	80
Trust Pears	son Correlation Sig. (2-tailed)	,894**	,820**	,730**	1
		,000	,000	,000	
	N	80	80	80	80

<sup>\*\*.</sup> Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed).

Source: 2022 data processing

Table 1 shows valid results because all questions have sig values < alpha which is 0.05. Table 2. Risk Perception Validity Test Results (X2)



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**Table 2** shows valid results because all questions have values sig < alpha, namely 0.05. Correlations

			,	Correlation	13			
		Х2						Percept
				X2.4 X2.5				Risk
X2.1 Pe	earson Correlation	1	509*	.525** .	434** .791*	.481** .8	03**	
	Sig. (2-tailed)	80		000,0,000	,000	,000		
X2.2 Pe	arson	.50	1	854** 413	** .411** .3	91** 780*	•	
72.210	Correlation	9**	·	.004 .410	.411 .	.,,,,,		
	Sig. (2-tailed) .00	0		.000	.000	.000	.000	,000
	N	80	80	808	80 80 80 80			
X2.3 Pe	earson Correlation	.52 5**	.854*	1	.493** .464	.489** .8	332**	
	Sig. (2-tailed) .00	0	,000		,000	,000	_000	,000
	N	80	80	80	80	80 80	80	
X2.4 Pe	arson Correlation	.43 4**	.413*	.493**	1	.433** .710	)** .741**	
	Sig. (2-tailed) .00	0	,000	_000		.000	.000	.000
	N	80	80	80	80 .464**	80	80 80	
X2.5 Pe	arson Correlation	.79 1**	.411*	.433**		1	.423** .756	**
	Sig. (2-tailed) .00	0	.0Ω0.	.000	.000		.0Ω0	,000
	N	80	80	80	80 .489*8*0	.710** .423	* 80	80
X2.6 Pe	earson Correlation	.48 1**	,391*				1	,737**
	Sig. (2-tailed) .00	0	,000	,000	,000	,000		,000
	N	80	80	80	80	80	80 .832**	80
Perse psi	Pearson Correlation	.80 3**	,780* *	.741**	756** .737	**		1
Rehearsal Q	Sig. (2-tailed) .00	0	,000	,000	,000	,000	,000	
	N	80	80	80	80	80	80	80

Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed).

Source: 2022 data processing



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#### **Table 3.** Purchasing Decision Validity Test Results (Y)

### Correlations

		Y1.1	Y1.2 Y1.3	.566**	Y1,4	Buying decision
Y1.1	Pearson Correlation	1	1,000**		.508**	,942**
	Sig. (2-tailed)		,000	,000	,000	,000
	N	80	80	80	80	80
Y1.2	Pearson Correlation	,566**	1	,566**	,303**	,747**
	Sig. (2-tailed)	,000		,000	,006	,000
	N	80	80	80	80	80
Y1.3	Pearson Correlation	1,000**	,566**	1	,508**	,942**
	Sig. (2-tailed)	,000	,000		,000	,000
	N	80	80	80	80	80
Y1,4	Pearson Correlation	,508**	,303**	,508**	1	,667**
	Sig. (2-tailed)	,000	.006	,000		,000
	N	80	80	80	80	80
Decision n	Pearson Correlation	,942**	.747**	,942**	,667**	1
Purchaser	Sig. (2-tailed)	,000	,000	,000	,000	
n	N	80	80	80	80	80

<sup>\*\*.</sup> Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed).

Source: 2022 data processing

Table 3 shows valid results because all questions have a sig value < alpha is 0.05.

#### **Reliability Testing**

**Table 4.** Reliability Test Results Table 4. Reliability Test Results

Varia	Variable No		Limit	Information
		Alpha	Cronbach's	
			Alpha	
1	Trust	0.748 0.	60	Reliable
	(X1)			
2	Perception	0.867 0.	60	Reliable
	Risk (X2)			
3	Buying	0.850 0.	60	Reliable
	decision			
	(Y)			

Source: 2022 data processing

Table 4 shows the overall question indicators on the variables trust, risk perception and reliable purchasing decisions due to alpha value cronbach > 0.6.



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#### Multiple Linear Regression Analysis Test Results

Table 5. Multiple Linear Regression Test Results

			Co	efficien	tsa					
			Standard							
	Unstandard ized		ized							
			Coefficie						Collinearity	
	Coefficients		nts			Correla	ations		Statistics	
		Std.				Zero-	Party	Par	Tolerancec	
Model	В	Beta Err	ors	Т	Sig.	order	aL	t	e	VIF
1 (Constant) .898	1.464	rust		.613 .5	41					
	.667	111	.48Z	6.000	900,68	, 564, 8	427 ,772	}		1,296
a										
Risk	.316	061	.421	5,189	bΩQ ,69	,509 ,	370 ,772	1		1,296
Perception										

a. Dependent Variable: Purchase Decision

Source: 2022 data processing

Table 5 shows the results of multiple linear regression analysis obtained by the equation Multiple linear regression includes:

#### Y= 0.898+0.667x1+0.316x2

From the regression similarities it can be described: a = Constant of 0.898 Shows the value of the positive influence of the independent variable (TRUST and RISK PERCEPTION), if independent variables are considered remains (X1 and X2 = 0), then the purchasing decision variable (Y) will increase / fulfilled. b1= Regression coefficient X1 Shows a positive value of 0.667, indicating a variable trust (x1) increases by one unit, so the purchase decision (Y) experiences an increase of 0.667 assuming other variables have an influence is considered to be increasing (a and X2 = 0). b2 = Regression coefficient X2 shows a positive value of 0.316, indicating meaning that the risk perception variable (X2) increases by one unit so that the take The decision increases by 0.316 assuming other variables provide influence is considered to be increasing (a and X1= 0). Thus it can be withdrawn The conclusion is that the dominant variable influences the decision Shopee purchases in Durikul Village, Laren District, Lamongan Regency (Y) are Trust.

#### Multiple Correlation Test Results

Table 6. Multiple Correlation Test Results

	Model Summary b									
						Change Statistics				
				Std.	R					
			Adjuste	Error of So	uare d	F				
		R	R the Char	ng		Chang			Sig. F Dur	bin-
Model R	l.	Square	Square	Estimate	е	e.	df1 df	2	Change	Watson
1599.1	3.778 taa F	68dictors:	(Constant),	Risk	.609	60,044 2		ZZ00	Ω 2,084	

Perception, Trust

a. Dependent Variable: Purchase Decision Source: Data processed by SPSS 26

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Table 6 shows that the independent variables together have a Yang relationship spinificant and strong for the dependent variable.

#### Coefficient of Determination test results

Table 7. Coefficient of Determination Test Results

	Model Summary b									
				Std.	Change :	Change Statistics				
				R Adjust						
			error	of the So	uare ed					
		R	R Estima		Chang				Sig. F Durl	oin-F
Model R		Square	Square	te	е	Change df	1 df2		Change	Watson
1	.781a .	609	,599	1,373 ,60	9 60,044	2 77 ,000				2,084

a. Predictors: (Constant), Risk Perception, Trust

b. Dependent Variable: Purchase Decision

Source: 2022 data processing



Table 7 is understood if the coefficient of determination (R square) is in get a total of 0.609. This means that 61% of the dependent variables on purchasing decisions are pssible described by the independent variables trust and risk perception. While 39% influenced by other variables not included in the research.

#### Partial Test Results (t)

Table 8. t test results

	Coemcientsa										
	Unstandardiz ed Coefficients		Standardi Zed Coefficie nts			Correla	tions		Collinear Statistics		
			Std.		]		Zero-	Parthia		Tolera	
Mod	lel	В	Beta E	rrors		Sig.	orders.	1	Part	nce	VIF
1 (0	onstant) .898	.464 .66	7 .111		T .613	.541					
'		.487 Tr	ust		6,000	,688 <b>000</b>	,564 ,4	772, 72			1,296
	a										
	Risk Perception	.316 .0	61 .421		5,189	653, ۵۵۵	,509 ,3	70 ,772			1,296

a. Dependent Variable: Purchase Decision

Source: 2022 data processing



Table 8 shows if: the results of the Trust  $\underbrace{\text{stest}}_{\text{CN}}(X1)$ , the calculated t value (6,000) > t table value is obtained (1,991). Which causes t count > t table so that H0 is rejected and Ha is accepted with a significant value of 0.00 < 0.05 (5%) then it means  $\underbrace{\text{totale in the results}}_{\text{TO}}$  the trust variable (X1) is significant in purchasing decisions (Y). b. From the results of the risk  $\underbrace{\text{totale in the results}}_{\text{TO}}$  to totale (X2), the calculated t value (5.189) > t table value was obtained (1.991), so t count > t table H0 is rejected and Ha is accepted with a significant value 0.00 < 0.05 (5%) means if there is a significant impact between perception variables risk (X2) to purchasing decisions (Y).



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#### Simultaneous Test Results (F)

Table 9. Simultaneous Test Results (F)

#### **ANOVA**a

		Sum of		Mean		
	Model	Squares	Ωt	Square	F	Sig.
1	Regression	226,291	2	113.145	60,044 ,00	ОЬ
	Residual	145,097	77	1,884		
	Total	371,387	79			

- a. Dependent Variable: Purchase Decision
- a. Predictors: (Constant), Risk Perception, Trust

urce: 2022 data processing

Table 9 can be concluded that the calculated 3 value is 60.044 while F table 3.12 which means F count = 60.044 > F table = 3.12 then H0 is rejected Ha is accepted so there is a significant impact between the trust variable (X1) and perception risk (X2) to purchasing decisions (Y). Conclusions can be drawn if The simultaneous variables of trust (X1) and risk perception (X2) have a significant impact to purchasing decisions (Y).

#### CONCLUSIONS

The conclusions obtained from the research results are as follows: There is a partial influence of the trust variable on the decision Shopee E-commerce purchases can be observed from the results of the calculated t value (6,000) > t table value (1.991) with a significance of 0.00 < 0.05 then H0 is rejected Ha di accept it on the positive side. Meanwhile, there is an influence with partial variables Risk perception on Shopee E-commerce purchasing decisions . Can be observed from the results of the calculated t value (5.189) > t table (1.991) with a significance of 0.00 < 0.05 then H0 is rejected, Ha is accepted on the positive side, There is a simultaneous influence on trust and risk perception Purchasing decisions show F calculated results of 60.044 > F table of 3.11, meaning that the trust variable (X1) and risk perception (X2) with simultaneously influences the purchasing decision variable (Y) in E-commerce Shopee. The trust variable has the effect of dominating purchasing decisions because has coefficients of 0.487, while the risk perception variable has coefficients of 0.421. Thus it can be interpreted hypothesis which states that the trust variable has a dominant influence on Shopee E-commerce purchasing decisions.

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